

# ECONOMIC / MARKET OUTLOOK

Messages from monetary trends and cycle analysis

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### **OUTLINE**

- Cycle analysis positive 12-18 month outlook
- Monetary analysis short-term cautionary
- Inflation "cyclical" upswing or trend change?
- Three suspect consensus views

## **ECONOMIC CYCLES**

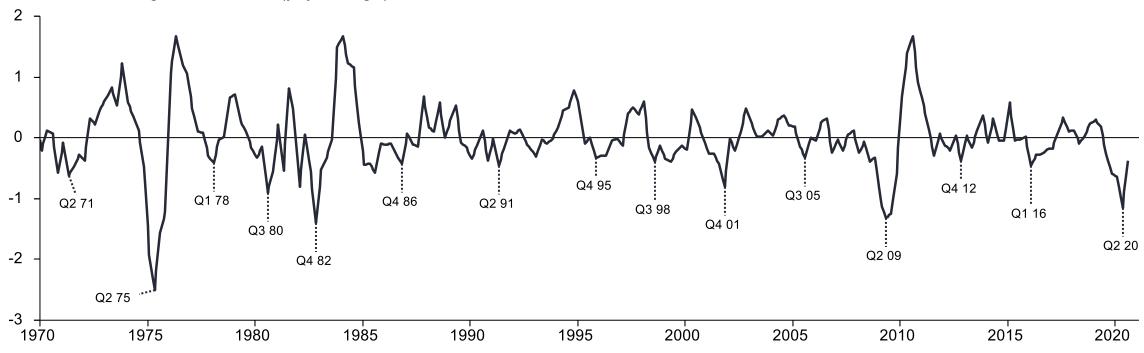
- Stockbuilding cycle (Kitchin cycle, 3-5 years)
- Business investment cycle (Juglar cycle, 7-11 years)
- Housing cycle (Kuznets cycle, 15-25 years)

## STOCKBUILDING CYCLE

Average cycle length = 3.5 years, Q2 2020 low?

G7 Stockbuilding Cycle

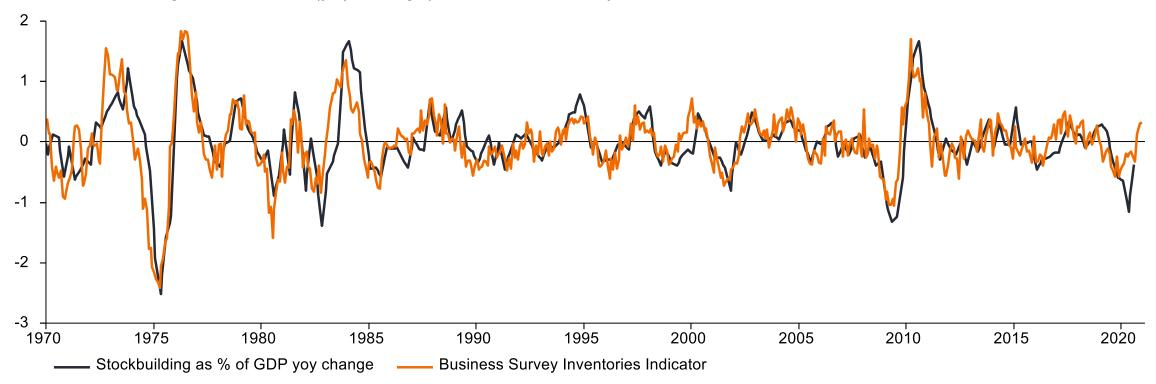
G7 Stockbuilding as % of GDP (yoy change)



### STOCKBUILDING CYCLE

Business survey inventories indicator consistent with Q2 2020 low

G7 Stockbuilding as % of GDP (yoy change) & Business Survey Inventories Indicator

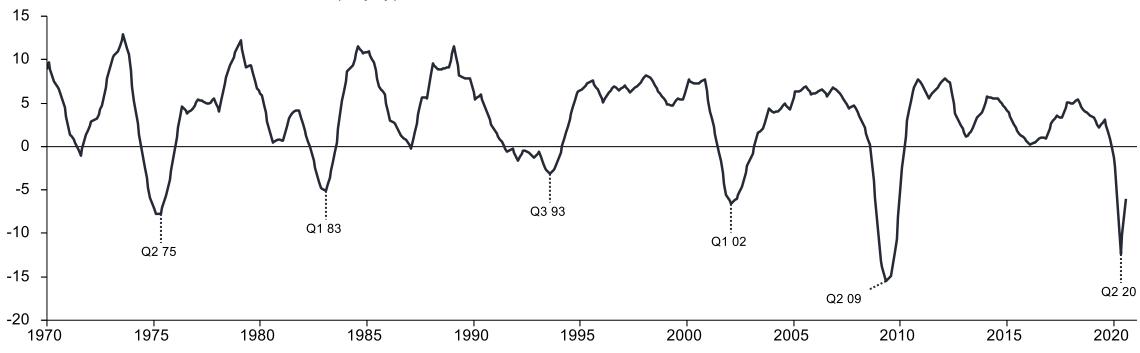


### **BUSINESS INVESTMENT CYCLE**

Average cycle length = 9 years, Q2 2020 low?

G7 Business Investment Cycle

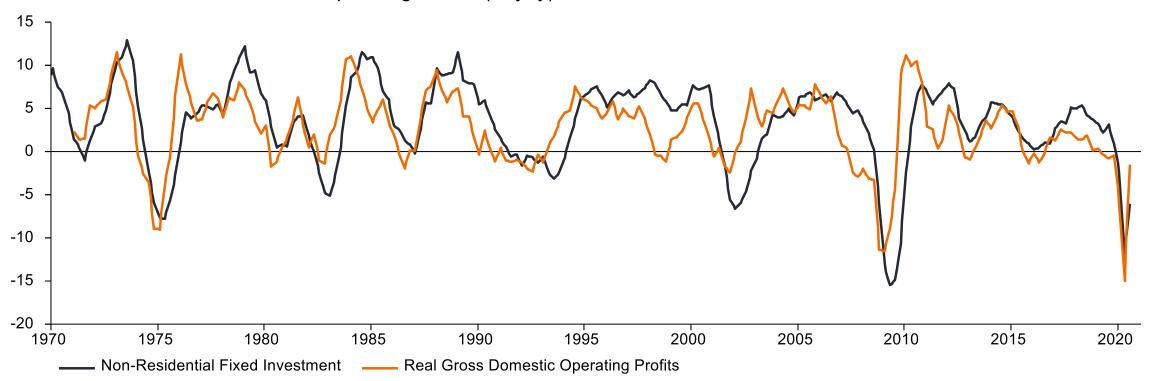
G7 Non-Residential Fixed Investment (% yoy)



### **BUSINESS INVESTMENT CYCLE**

Profits and investment cycles closely correlated, profits rebound consistent with Q2 2020 low

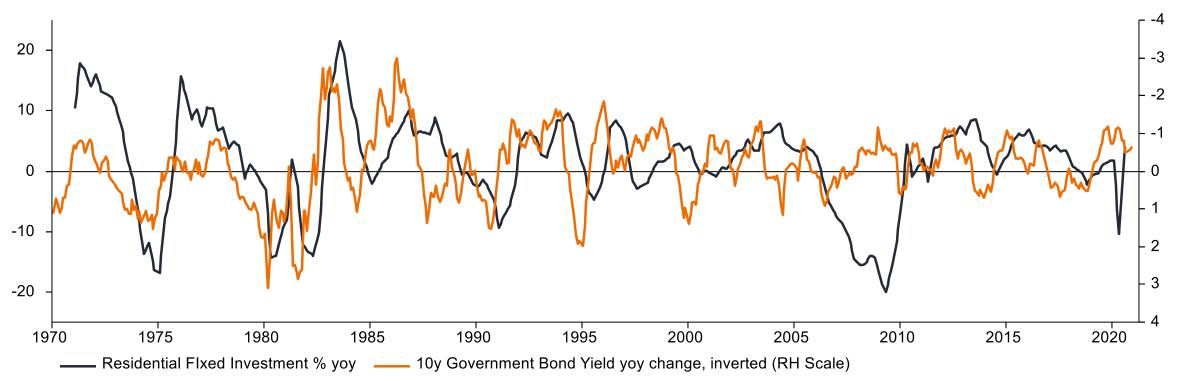
G7 Business Investment & Real Operating Profits (% yoy)



### HOUSING CYCLE

Average cycle length = 18 years, upswing from 2009 low reenergised by yield fall

G7 Housing Investment (% yoy) & 10y Government Bond Yield (yoy change, inverted)



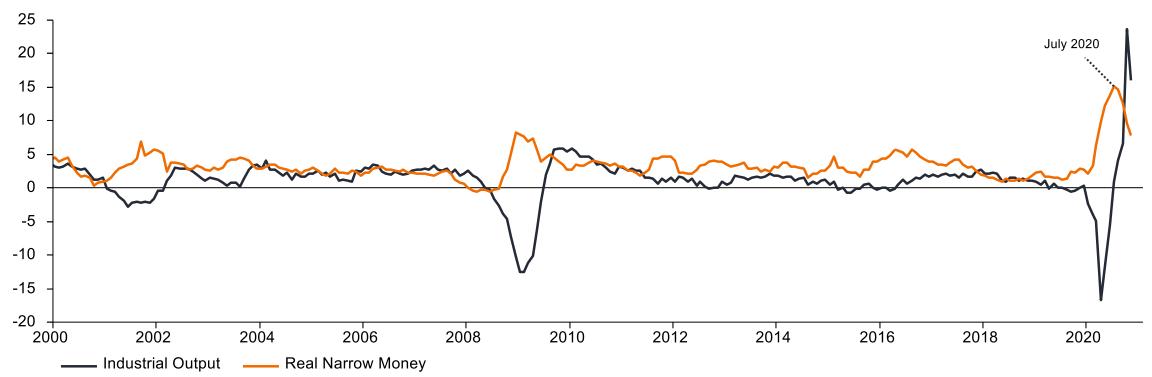
### MONEY & ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

- Turning points in real money growth lead turning points in output growth by 6-12 months (average = 9 months)
- Narrow money gives more reliable signals than broad money
  - Narrow money (M1) = currency in circulation + demand / overnight deposits
  - Broader aggregates (M2, M3, M4) also include time deposits, notice accounts, money funds etc

### **GLOBAL ECONOMY & MONEY TRENDS**

Six-month real money growth normalising, currently below output growth

G7 + E7 Industrial Output & Real Narrow Money (% 6m)

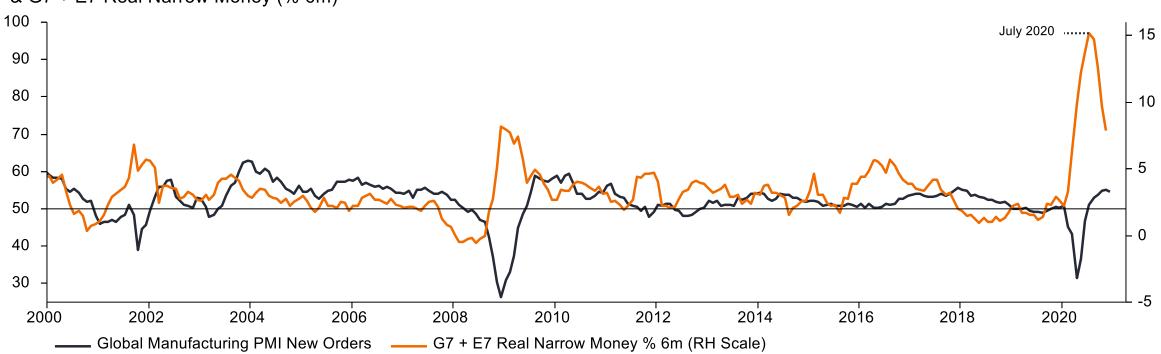


### **GLOBAL ECONOMY & MONEY TRENDS**

Average lead time at turning points = 6-7 months, PMI new orders peaking?

#### Global Manufacturing PMI New Orders

& G7 + E7 Real Narrow Money (% 6m)



### MONEY & MARKETS

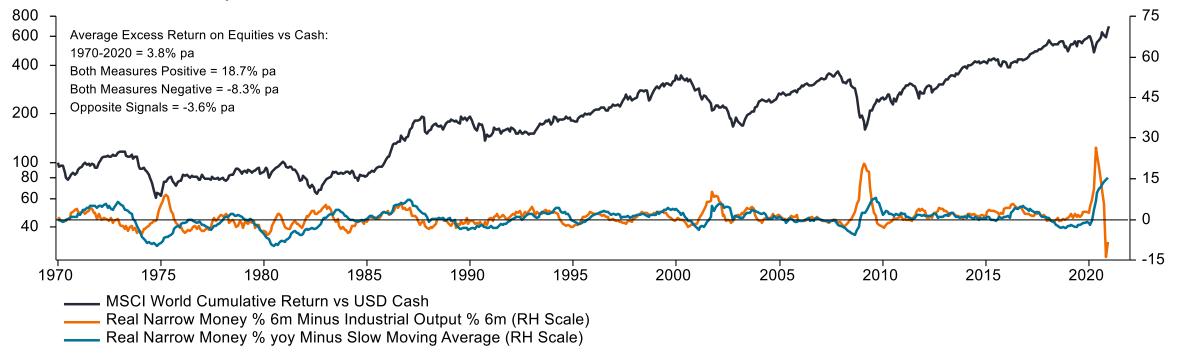
- Real money growth in excess of the rate needed to support economic expansion is associated with an increase in demand for financial assets and upward pressure on prices ("money moves markets")
- Proxy measures of "excess" money:
- 1) Difference between real narrow money growth and industrial output growth
- Difference between real narrow money growth and long-run average

### **GLOBAL EQUITIES & "EXCESS" MONEY**

Both measures positive from Q2 2020, measure 1) currently negative

#### MSCI World Cumulative Return vs USD Cash

& Global "Excess" Money Measures

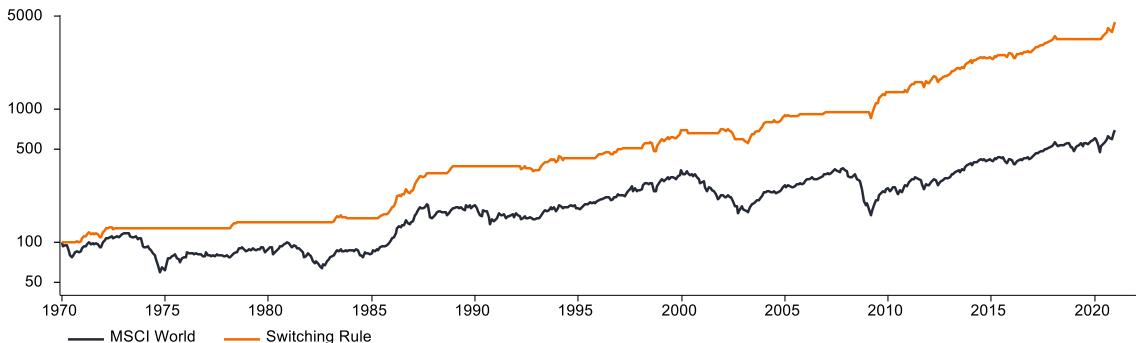


## GLOBAL EQUITIES & "EXCESS" MONEY

Simple rule switch into equities reversed at end-2020

Cumulative Return vs USD Cash: MSCI World vs Switching Rule

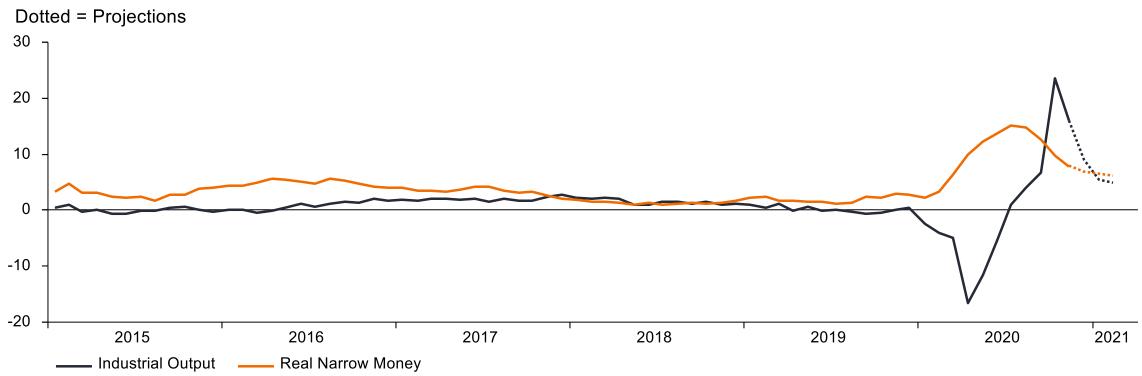
Switching Rule: Equities If "Excess" Money Measures > 0, Otherwise Cash



### **GLOBAL ECONOMY & MONEY TRENDS**

"Excess" money measure 1) to return to positive in Q1?

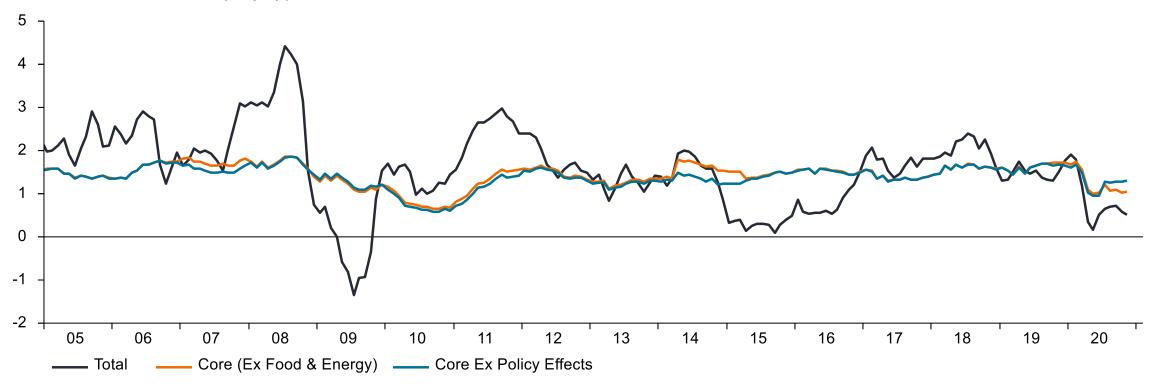




## **GLOBAL INFLATION**

"True" core inflation close to post-GFC average

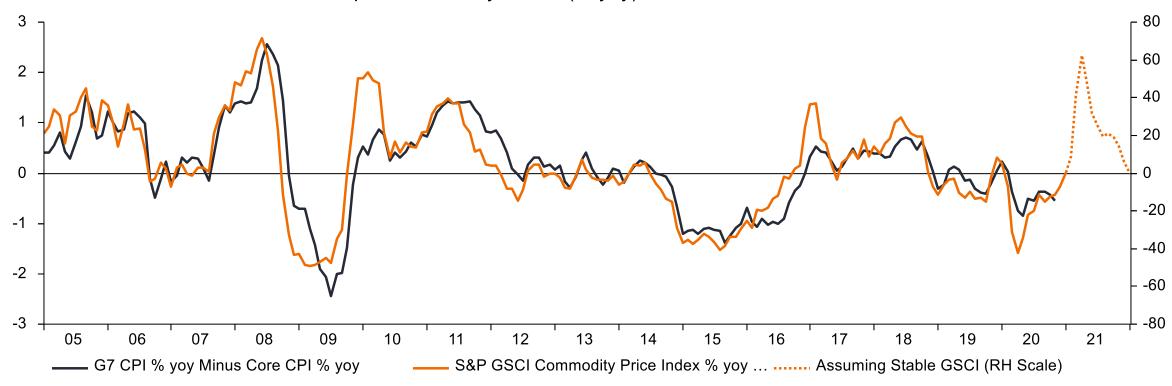
#### G7 Consumer Prices (% yoy)



## **INFLATION & COMMODITY PRICES**

#### Sharp rise in headline inflation ahead

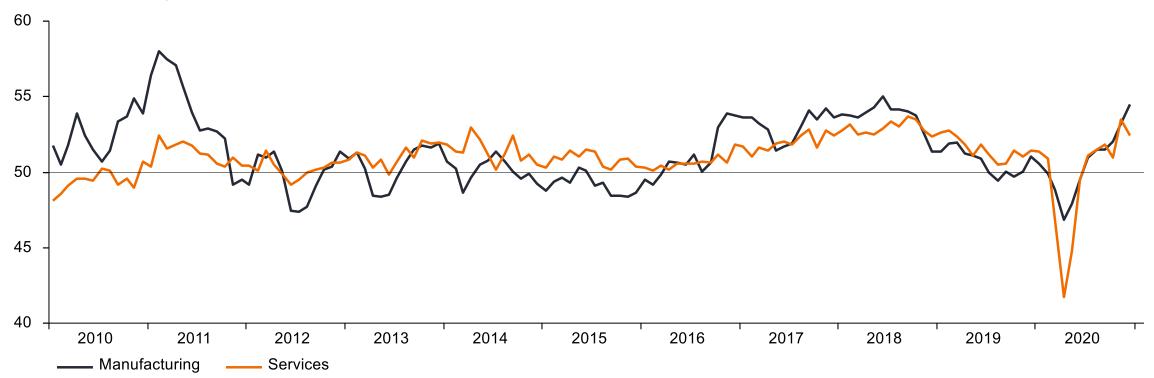
G7 Headline / Core CPI Inflation Gap & Commodity Prices (% yoy)



## **GLOBAL PMI PRICE INDICES**

### Earlier / stronger rebound than after GFC

#### Global PMI Output Price Indices

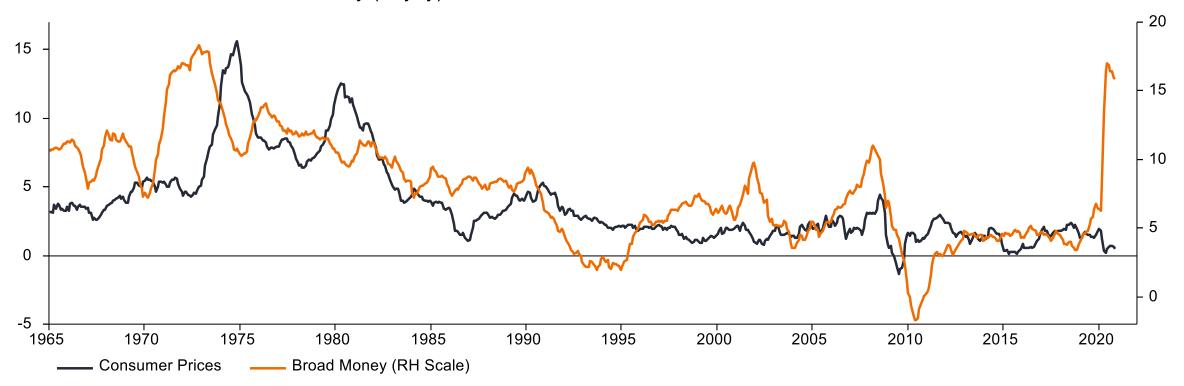


Source: Refinitiv Datastream, as at 11 January 2021

### **GLOBAL INFLATION & MONEY TRENDS**

Monetary backdrop more expansionary than before prior "cyclical" inflation upswings

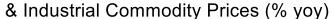
G7 Consumer Prices & Broad Money (% yoy)

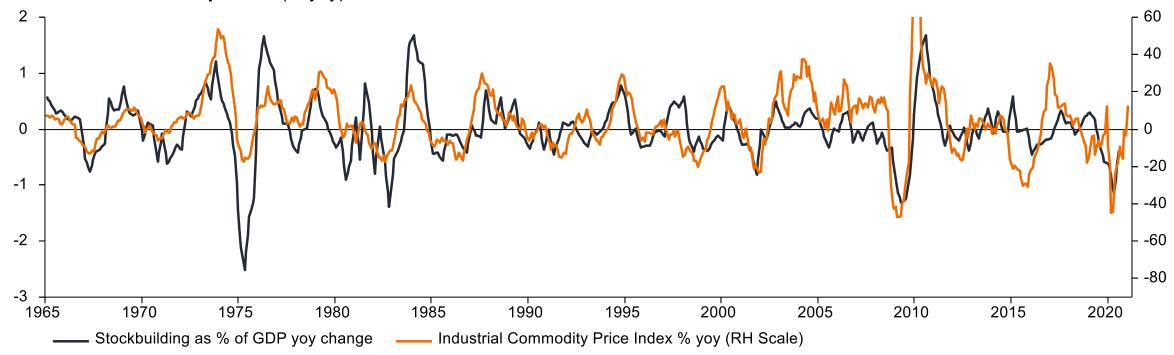


# STOCKBUILDING CYCLE & COMMODITY PRICES

Commodity prices correlated with cycle, further strength suggested

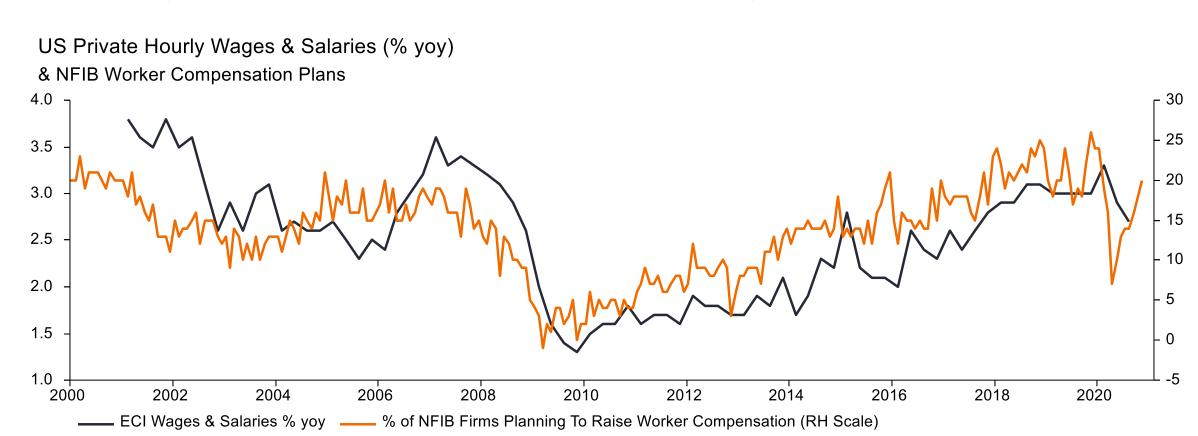
G7 Stockbuilding as % of GDP (yoy change)





### **US WAGE INFLATION**

Disinflationary impact of labour market weakness modest / temporary?



Source: Refinitiv Datastream, as at 11 January 2021

# **CONSENSUS VIEWS**

### 1) US dollar to weaken further

#### DXY Index & Bullish Sentiment

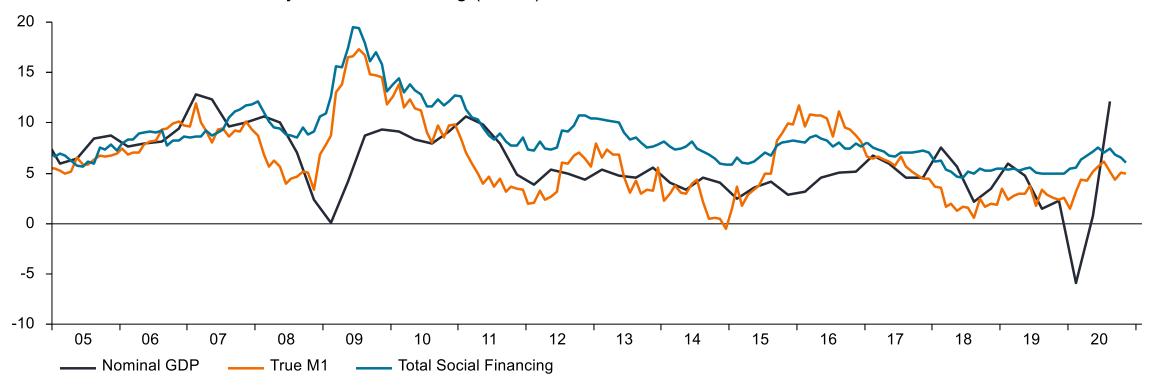


Source: Refinitiv Datastream, as at 11 January 2021

## **CONSENSUS VIEWS**

### 2) EM equities to perform strongly

#### China Nominal GDP & Money / Social Financing (% 6m)

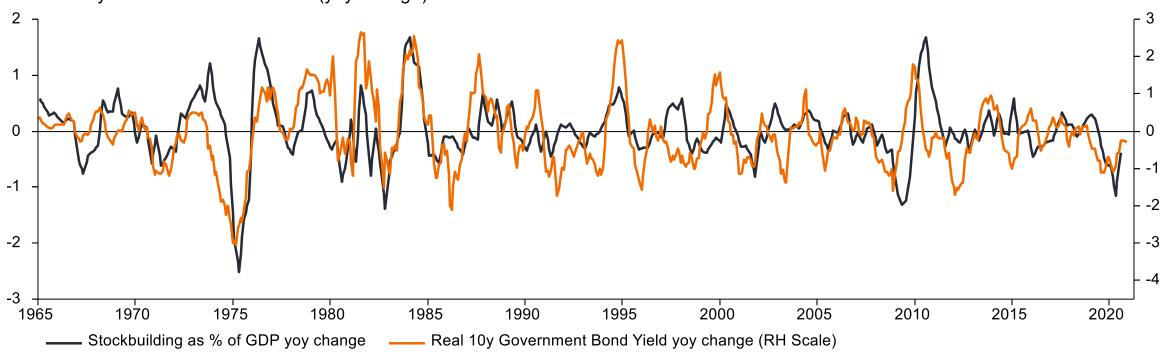


### **CONSENSUS VIEWS**

### 3) Real yields to stay low

G7 Stockbuilding as % of GDP (yoy change)

& Real 10y Government Bond Yield (yoy change)



#### Contact us

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